Printing text on the screen

The **cout** command can be used to print the values of variables on the screen. If you want to print a string value, you need to place the string value in dobule quotes. To print a variable, you won't need to place the variable in double or single quotes. You can print many values or variables with a single cout statement. Each value or variable must be preceeded by the << sign. See the example below.  
  
Example:  
char \*s = "Dara";  
cout << "Your name is " << s;

**Reading values from keyboard**

The **cin**command is used for reading values that are entered by the user. When you read a value you must store it in a variable. The below example prompts the user to enter his/her name. The s variable is used to store the characters of the name. You can use a single line of cin statement to input many values. Each variable that stores the value must be proceeded by the >> sign.   
  
  
Example:  
char \*s;  
cout << "Enter your name: ";  
cin >> s;